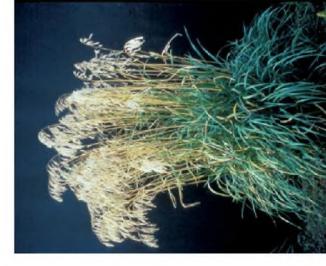


Perennial Grass Breeding

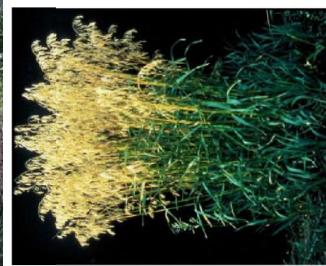
Hybrid brome



- Dual purpose
- AC Knowles (2000)
- AC Success (2003)
- Biomass yield
- Seed yield**
- NDF digestibility**
- Leaf disease**



=



Smooth brome

Meadow brome

Genetic improvement of Alfalfa

Bill Bilitetu

Crop Development Centre, University of Saskatchewan

Jan 24 2019



Perennial grass breeding- crested wheatgrass



Kirk (4X)

AC Goliath (4X)

Parkway (2X)

History of Saskatoon Forage Breeding Program

- Began at the U of S in 1922-1940
 - Dr. Lawrence Kirk
 - AACFC Saskatoon 1941-1986
 - Dr. Robert P. Knowles
 - AACFC-UofS 1993- 2014
 - Dr. B. Coulman
 - Crop Development Center, UofS 2014
 - Dr. B. Bilitetu

Kirk (4X)

AC Goliath (4X)

Parkway (2X)

Photo: B. Coulman

Current Joint forage breeding program

Current Joint forage breeding program

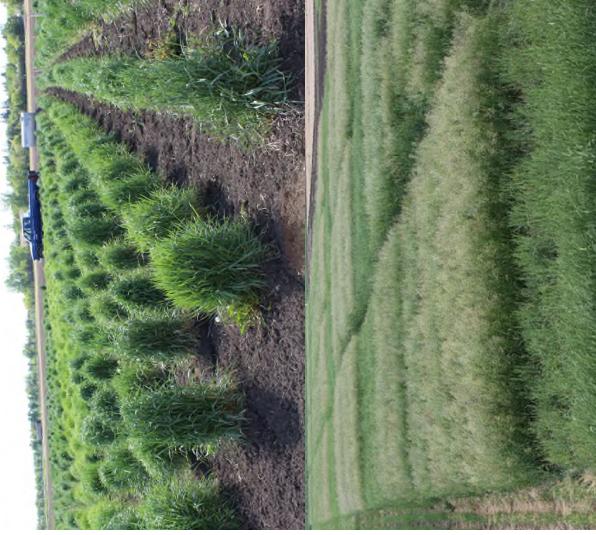
Grasses

Meadow brome
Hybrid brome
Hybrid wheatgrass
Crested wheatgrass



Grasses

Meadow brome
Hybrid brome
Hybrid wheatgrass
Crested wheatgrass



Annual Forage Breeding

- Collaboration with CDC barley breeders

Aaron Beattie

- Forage Barley
 - CDC Maverick
 - CDC Cowboy
- Forage Oats
 - CDC Baler
 - CDC Haymaker

New variety 2018

- Released a new hybrid brome in 2018
 - Hybrid brome S9356M



Evaluation at 5 sites,
3 years:

- 7% higher yield than AC Knowles
- 3% higher than AC Success

- Sask Forage Demo Trials 2017-2021
 - Terry, SFC (4 sites)



CDC Maverick Forage Barley

B. Coulman



CDC Minstrel Oats

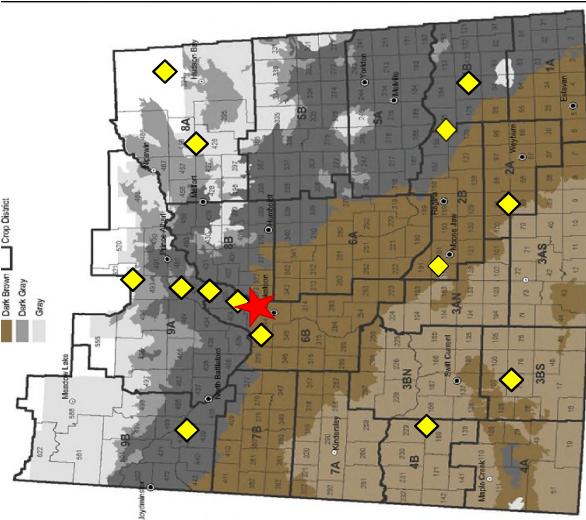
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Alfalfa Breeding program in Canada

- AAFC-Lethbridge Research Center
 - Dr. Surya Acharya
 - AAC Meadowview - acid tolerant
- AAFC Kentville Forage Breeding
 - Dr. Yousef A. Papadopoulos
 - Tolerance to spring waterlogging conditions
- AAFC research Centre - Québec city
 - Dr. Annie Claessens
 - Persistent under cold and humid conditions
 - Selection for high stem sugar content and greater fiber digestibility

Plant materials

- Wanted: 25-year old alfalfa
- Long-term grazing
- 4 soil zones
- 14 ranchers' sites
- 30 plants/site
- Soil samples



Map source: Government of SK

Alfalfa



Ranchers/Alfalfa Seed Growers:

David Espenent (Hudson Bay), Arnold Balicki (Shellbrook), Grant Tait (McDowall), Shirley Perillat (Duck lake), Jeremy Brown (North Battleford), Mark Vermeulen (Ceylon), Lyle McLean (Arcola), Less Johnston (Fillmore), Dave Christensen (Pike lake), Andrew Olkowski (Dalmeny), Lynn Grant (Val Marie) Crooked river community pasture manager

Development of locally adapted alfalfa cultivars

Research team: B. Biligetu, Bruce Coulman, Xiao Qiu, Jacqueline Toews, Hu Wang



(Lorne Klein, Trevor Lennox, Andre Bonneau, Colby Elfort, Rachel Turnquist, Allan Foster, Nadia Morri, Sarah sommerfeld, Victoria Nameth)

Sask Ministry of Agriculture Forage/livestock specialists:

Fall 2015 (first year)



Summer 2016



Spring 2017



Ranch site to a breeding nursery

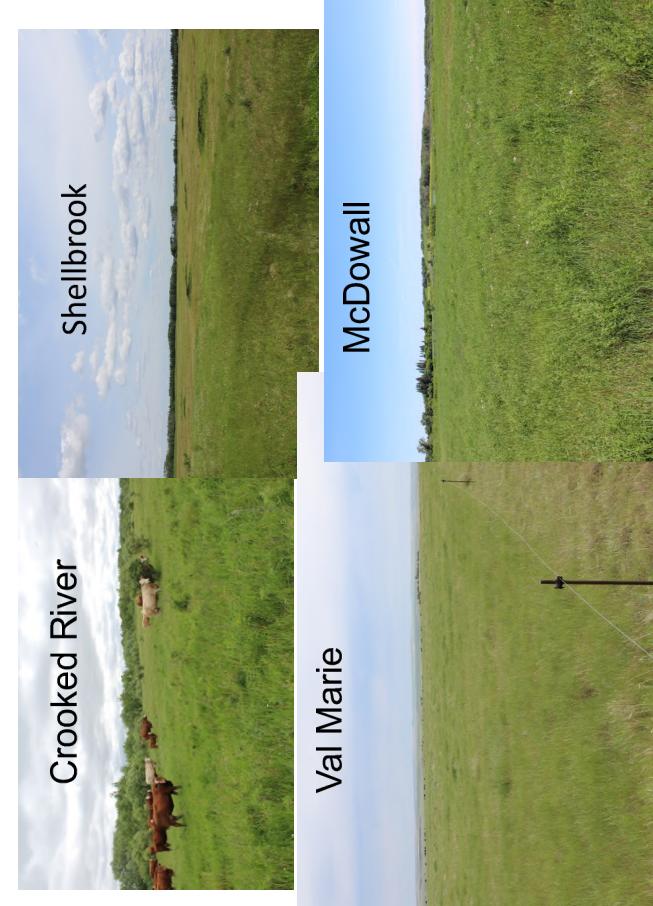
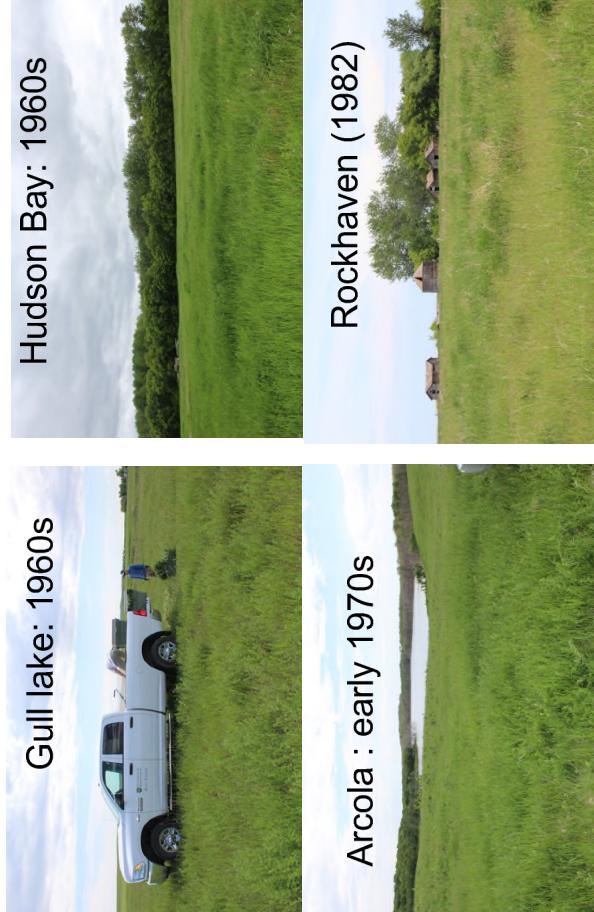


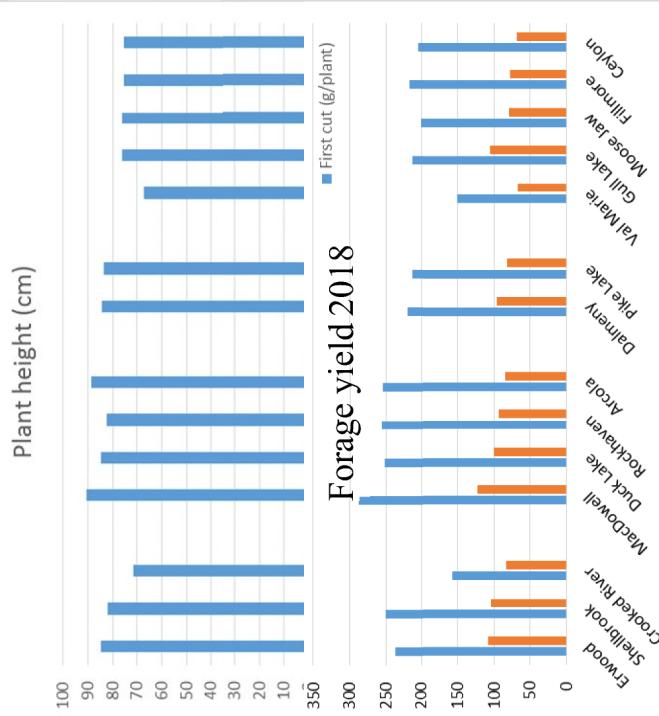
Flower Colour



R = Rockhaven – yellow flower
VM = Val Marie – yellow flower

Each Site Has a different History





Evaluation in the greenhouse for disease resistance

- **RCBD**
 - 13 Populations
 - 4 Replications
 - **Verticillium wilt resistance**
 - **Bacteria wilt resistance**



Site Name	Soil Zone	Soil Texture	Soil Extractable Nutrient Levels (kg/ha)			
			pH	NO ₃ -N	P	K
Crooked River	Grey	Loam	6.8	3	25	754
Shellbrook	Grey	Loam	7.8	4	13	548
Hudson Bay	Grey	Loam	7.2	10	35	1131
MacDowall	Black	Loam	6.9	10	7	1054
Duck Lake	Black	Loam	7.6	7	75	691
Rockhaven	Black	Loam	6.5	6	10	1020
Arcola	Black	Loam	7.9	15	12	>1344
Ceylon	Brown	Loam	8.0	11	22	585
Gull Lake	Brown	Loam	8.4	11	22	538
Val Marie	Brown	Loam	7.7	8	13	1103
Moose Jaw	Brown	Loam	8.0	21	16	704
Dalmeny	Dark Brown	-	-	-	-	-
Pike Lake	Dark Brown	-	-	-	-	-

Preliminary conclusions and future work

- Site Selection - longevity of an alfalfa stand
- Tendency in morphological characteristics
 - Slower regrowth (plants from Brown soil)
 - Slightly higher yield (plants from Black soil zone)
- Different among populations within/among soil zones
- Future work on gene expression, and other disease resistances

Disease test: *Verticillium* wilt

- Spore Suspension
- Stubble Spray Inoculation



V-shaped yellow chlorosis

Planned future research

- First new breeding line in summer 2019
- More disease evaluations
- Genomic difference and relationship
- Graduate student is working on this project

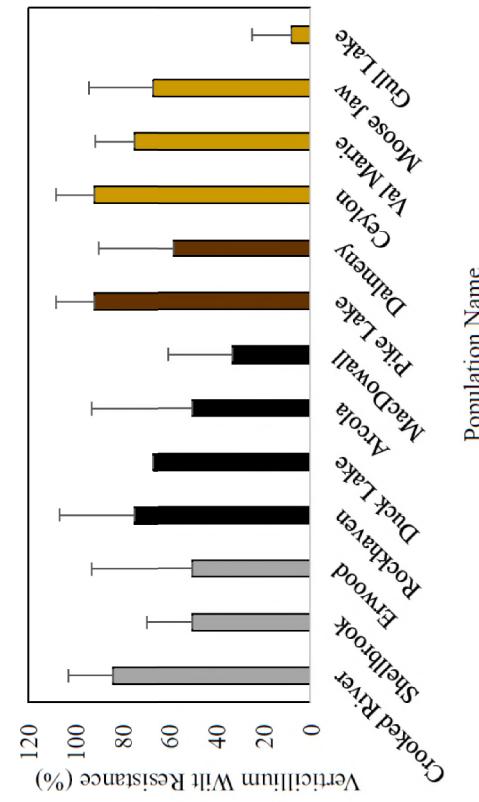


Figure 13. Resistance (%) to *V. albo-atrum* of the 13 alfalfa populations collected from sites with long-term grazing history in Saskatchewan

Alfalfa salinity tolerant research

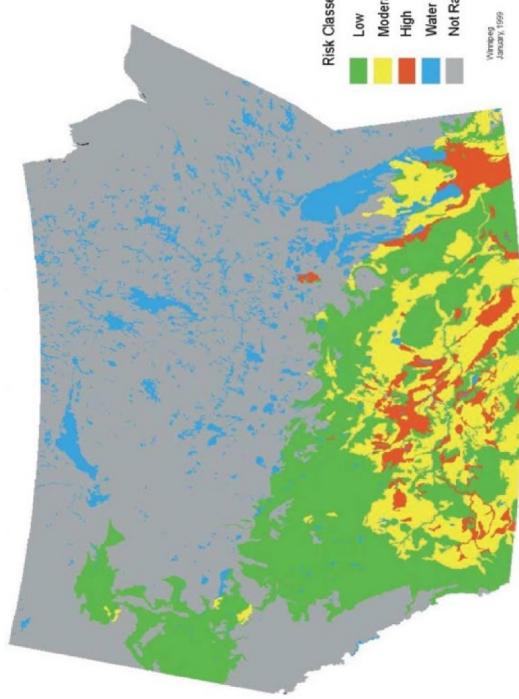
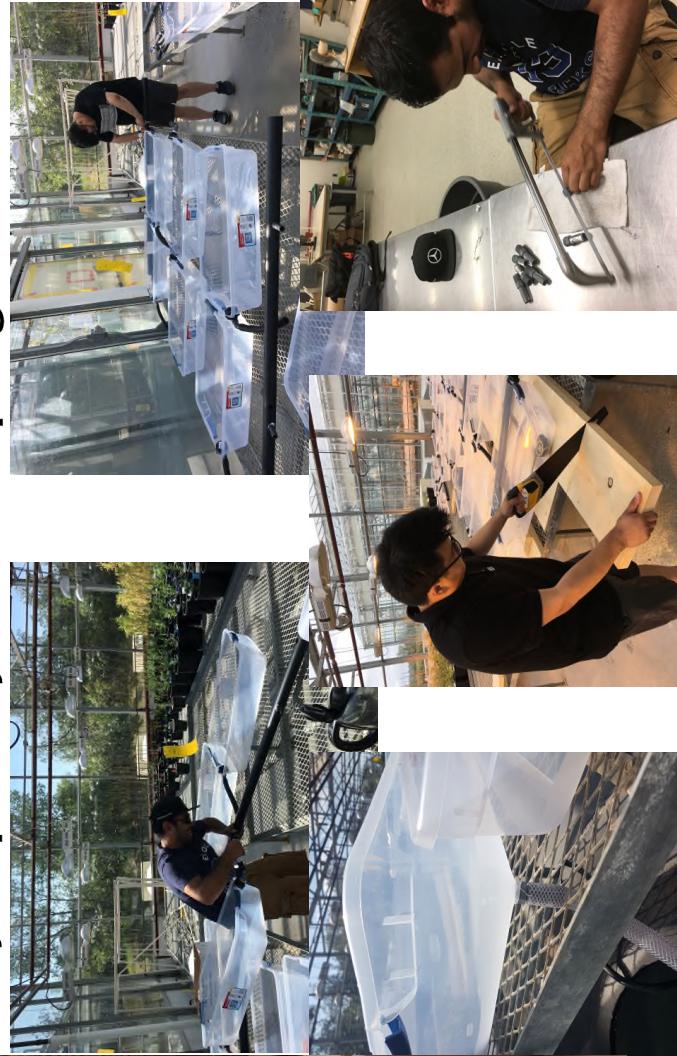


Fig. 1. View of the Canadian prairies with the 1996 soil salinity risk evaluation based on five physical and biological factors including the existence of root-zone salts [taken from Wiebe et al. (2007)].

Hydroponic system set up in greenhouse



Hoagland solution and 99% silica sand



Alfalfa cultivars

Bridgeview
Halo
Rangelder
Rugged
Vernal



Seedling to flowering stage

Shoot and Root Biomass



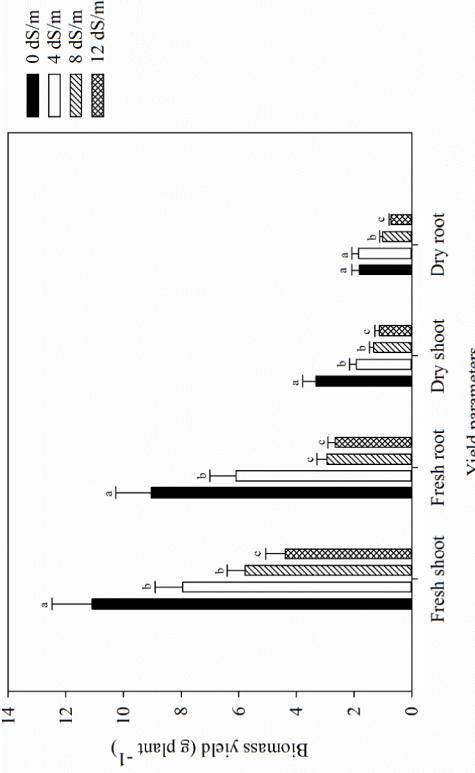


Figure 4. Fresh and dry root and shoot biomass yield of five alfalfa varieties under four gradient of salt stress. (Electrical conductivities of 0 dS/m, 4dS/m, 8dS/m and 12dS/m) (error bar represents standard errors of means; within each yield parameters means followed by same letter are not significantly different at $P < 0.05$)

Figure 1. Seed vigor of five alfalfa varieties under five gradient of salt stress. (Electrical conductivities of 0dSm, 4dSm, 8dSm, 12dSm and 16dSm) (seed vigor was calculated as multiple of germination percentage with seedling length divided by 100; error bar represents standard errors of means; means followed by same letter are not significantly different at $P > 0.05$)

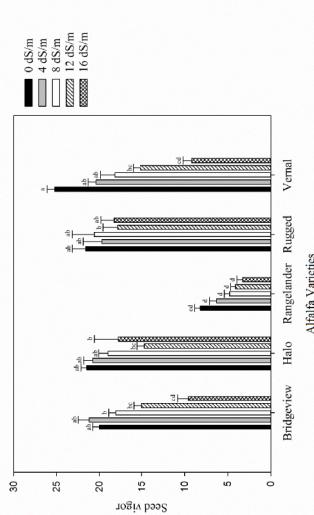


Figure 1. Seed vigor of five alfalfa varieties under five gradient of salt stress. (Electrical conductivities of 0dSm, 4dSm, 8dSm, 12dSm and 16dSm) (seed vigor was calculated as multiple of germination percentage with seedling length divided by 100; error bar represents standard errors of means; means followed by same letter are not significantly different at $P > 0.05$)

Results

Salt tolerance index

	4dS/m	8dS/m	12dS/m
Bridgeview	0.33	0.33	0.20
Halo	0.80	0.50	0.57
Rangclander	0.30	0.20	0.20
Rugged	0.76	0.53	0.31
Vernal	0.78	0.44	0.43

Stress tolerance index = $(Y_c \times Y_s)/(\hat{Y}_c)^2$ (Fernandez, 1992),
where ' Y_c ' is shoot dry weight at control,

' Y_s ' is shoot dry weight under salt stress, and

' \hat{Y}_c ' is the means of all genotypes under control condition.

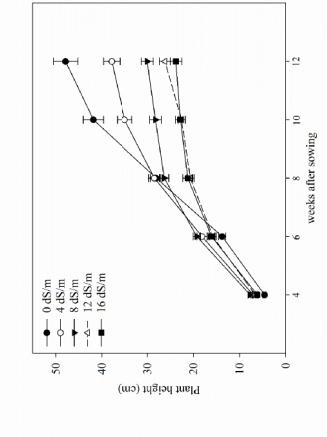


Figure 3. Average plant height (cm) of alfalfa plants at different stages of growth under five gradient of salt stresses (Electrical conductivities of 0dSm, 4dSm, 8dSm, 12dSm and 16dSm) (salt stress was applied on 4 weeks old plant; error bar represents standard errors of means)

Leaf samples for mapping in VESPERS

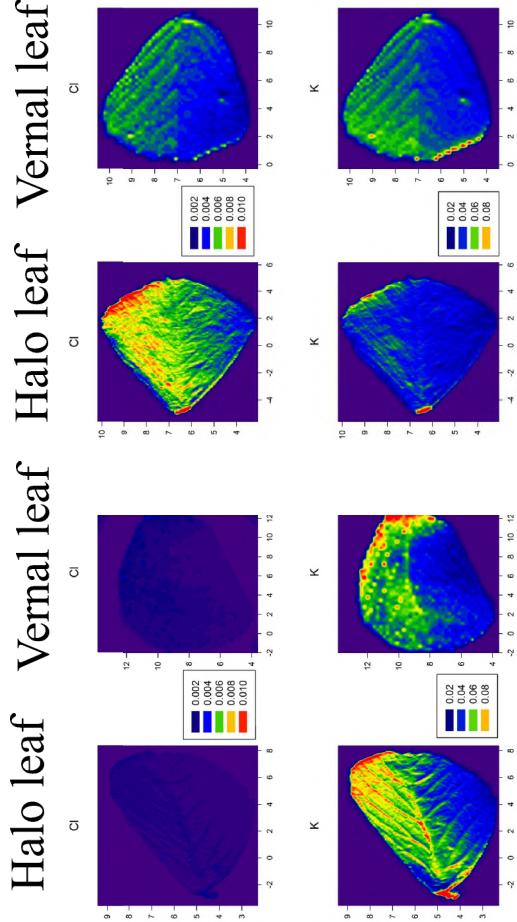


This is how it was hold in chamber

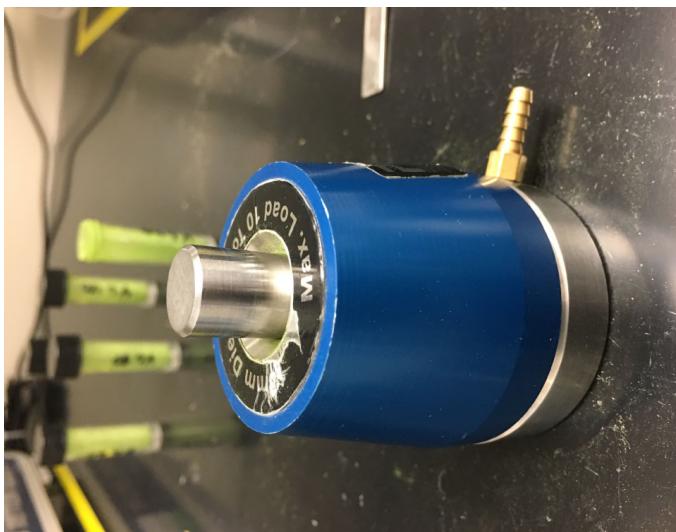


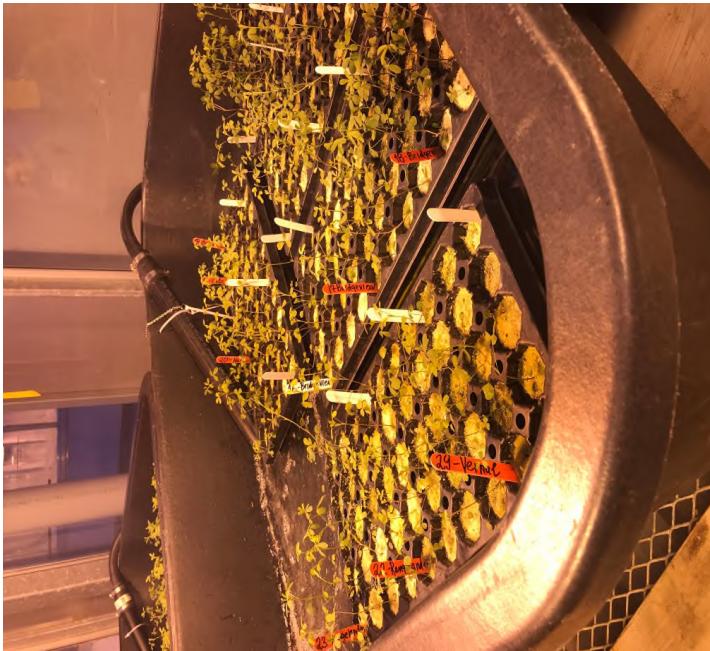
- **Synchrotron application**
 - Halo and Vernal
 - Different beam lines

Distilled water Vernal leaf Halo leaf Salt treated (12ds/m)



Die to prepare pellet for bulk analysis





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Alfalfa nursery established in 2015



Intensive harvest (4-5 clippings/summer)

High yielding under local growth conditions

- Western Forage Test -alfalfa data (1999-2013)
 - Top yielding 15 alfalfa cultivars
 - Older Canadian varieties
 - Beaver, Rambler, Rangelander etc.
 - Yellow flowering alfalfa
 - Evaluate 3-4 years for performance (disease)
 - Produce new breeding lines
 - Test forage/seed yields and quality in replicated trials



Funding support

- Dairy Farmers of Canada
- Sask Milk
- Saskatchewan Ministry of Agriculture
- AAFC Saskatoon Research Center (in kind)
- Saskatchewan Forage Industry Network
- Saskatchewan Forage Seed Growers' Commission
- Sask Cattleman's Association
- Sask Pulse
- Western Grain Research Foundation
- Alberta Beef Producer
- Beef Cattle Research Council
- NSERC Discovery
- NSERC – CRD

Research projects

- **Selection of clonal propagated alfalfa and sainfoin plants under grass or legume competition (2017- 2022)**
 - Biligetu, Coulman, Acharya
 - ADF, SaskMilk, SCA, WGRF



Acknowledgments

- **Genomic selection of alfalfa (2018- 2023)**
 - B. Biligetu, Y-B Fu, A. Claessen
 - J. Robin, M. Schellenberg
 - BCRC

